

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

Office 36 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

TERMS:

Daily, one year	\$10.00
Weekly, one year	5.00
6 months	3.00
3 months	1.50
Two months for one year, on Daily, 50 cents; Weekly, 15, one year, 20 cents.	

WEATHER REPORT, SEPT. 20, 1876.

Reported by P. H. Moll, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist, Dept. of Agriculture.

BAROMETER.

T.A.M.	3 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.
29.000	28.9'6	28.928	28.900

THERMOMETER.

T.A.M.	3 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	MAX'M MIN'
75°	75°	70°	66°	70° 55°

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun at 1 P.M.

Radiation from the earth during preceding night.

HYGROMETER.

T.A.M.	3 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	R.H.
74	43	57	58	15

ANEMOMETER.

T.A.M.	3 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	R.H.
5.8—Wind from the East	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8

PROBABILITIES—South Atlantic and Gulf States northeast to northwest winds, stationary to lower temperature, and stationary and lighter pressure, and partly cloudy or clear weather will prevail.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 110 and closed at 110½.

MIDDLESBROUGH PLATEAU closed in New York at 11. In Liverpool at 5 15-10.

NORCROSS AT DALTON.

We Advise the Republicans to Support Independents.

Special to the Constitution.

DALTON, Sept. 23.

Jonathan Norcross made a speech here last night. He advised his colored friends that "we must get a republican to vote for us, or we will be beaten, and we will be beaten." He told them to "remember what he was telling them, and urged them to vote for all independents when there were no republicans in the field for the same offices."

THE EARTHQUAKE.

A General Shaking in Illinois, Indiana.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., September 25.—The earthquake shock was felt here between twelve and half-past twelve this morning and has been talked the talk all day. The first shock and slightest one occurred about fifteen minutes after twelve, and vibrated so much that it was perfectly perceptible. The second shock followed a few minutes afterward and was quite severe, so much so that a few persons left their beds in alarm, thinking it dangerous to remain there while it was still shaking. The third was also sharp, jumped out of their beds in great fright, and was by the noise. Dishes were thrown out of safes, pictures were hurled from the walls, and in some cases panes of glass were shattered.

In New Albany the doors were shaken as though strong men had held of them, and the dishes and cupboards rattled with the fury of a storm. The shocks were preceded and accompanied by a low rumbling sound very similar to the noise made by a heavily-loaded and rapidly-moving train of freight cars.

THE SHOCK AT EVANSVILLE.

Evansville Journal, 23.

Just as the hands of the clock pointed to midnight last night, the weary tollers of the city were still awake, and a sudden shock, of earthquake which shook up the building in lively style.

"Bless me! I'm" ejaculated a toller, rising up, with his pointers in three million directions, and a look of surprise across his brow.

The shock was uttered before another shock succeeded, rocking the building and rattling all the glass in the house. There was immediately a third shock heard in the direction of the news-room stairs, and from a door a score of hands were tooted for safety and legs came tumbling down, like the Asyrians who came down the fold. There was only one way down stairs, and every man seemed to have a desire to pre-empt that way. As soon as quiet could be restored, the arms and legs were tooted, and the boys were promised upon to assist in the broken altitude of the metropolitan building again. We hasten to explain that there was no fear—only extreme surprise, and that being gratified, the weary work was resumed.

Over at the St. George Hotel the shock arrived more dismay. The vast building rocked to and fro, and one of the chandelier globes was tipped over, crushing on the floor. In about two minutes the guests began to assemble in the office in a state of surprise and disbelief, and for a quarter of an hour the sound was heard the sound of discussion.

The first shock lasted about one second, and was comparatively light. The second was heavy, and consisted of two undulations, lasting about two seconds. People all over town were awoken, and little groups gathered in all the corners to discuss the affair.

Hayes's Tax Return—The Accusations Basted Briefly and in Order.

Chicago Times.

With a full knowledge of the requirements of the law, R. B. Hayes has persistently neglected to list his property subject to taxation.

A few years ago he made false oaths to the value of his property above his just debts.

He has sworn that in 1864 his property was worth only \$2,881, when that portion of it liable to be taxed turned \$3000.

He has refused for three years to list gallery of paintings and a diamond ring that fell to him as a residuary legatee—\$5,000.

He never paid any money toward the Fort Stevenson purchase, although he says he did, for the purpose of getting the remarkable bill off in the exhibits of figures from 1873 to 1874.

He had in 1874-5 about \$9,000 worth of credit in the shape of mortgages, which he did not pay; and more than \$1,000, paid off by swearing he was in arrears of sheriff.

He had three horses in 1874, and swore he had but one.

He had three watches in 1874, and swore he had but one.

He had the use of thirty odd thousand dollars less as he boasts by his uncle, for which he makes no return.

He has disregarded the law, and made no return to the Probate court of Sandusky county for the executants of his wife's will.

All along the Butherford B. Hayes has been guilty of false swearing for the past three years, and has swindled his country and the state of Ohio out of a large share of their just revenues.

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DAILY CONSTITUTION.

RINER FORGIFT AND CO.

Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, all Official Proceedings of City and County, published by authority.

The Georgia Constitution, City, County and State—Daily Advertiser.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENT: T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKER.

Supreme Court Decisions. The pamphlet of Decisions for term are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, \$1.00 per pamphlet to Constitution subscribers; \$2.00 to others. Volumes 45, 46, 47, 48, for sale. Address The Constitution Office, Atlanta, Ga.

Incl.—dit.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT: SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

OF INDIANA.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTOR.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:

A. R. MCINTOSH.

JOHN W. WOODWARD.

ALFRED A. SMITH.

L. J. GANTRELL.

H. D. DWIGGS.

DISTRICT ELECTORS:

1st District—A. M. HOWES, of Burke.

2d District—R. E. KENNEDY, of Clay.

3d District—J. S. LEWIS, of Fulton.

4th District—W. H. HARRISON, of Stewart.

5th District—D. D. COOPER, of Spalding.

6th District—FRANK CHAMBERS, of Wilkinson.

7th District—W. V. McKEE, of Bulloch.

8th District—THOMAS W. WILDER,

9th District—HAMILTON LINDSEY, of Floyd.

10th District—D. M. BOONE, of Wilkes.

11th District—J. N. DOXIER, of Hall.

12th District—P. L. HARRISON, of Monroe.

FOR GOVERNOR: ALFRED H. COLQUITT.

FOR CONGRESS: MILTON A. CANDLER.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE: JOHN H. JAMES, GEO. T. FRY, HENRY MILLER.

APPEAL TO PROTESTANT PREJUDICES.

No country, not even France, ever produced a great party so depraved and shameless as the dominant party of this country. Not content with persistent efforts to keep alive sectionalism and all the passions of a civil war; not content with the demoralization that its endless corruptions have brought upon the country, it now goes step further in a systematic and deliberate attempt to create bad feelings, if not strife, from religious prejudices. It is emphatically the party of discord, division and demoralization; and when impartial history analyzes its acts, it will be set down as the vilest of all known examples of organized depravity of the Belknap period.

We speak on one point with the evidence before us. Two pamphlets, issued by the "union republican congressional committee" are on our table. They are parts of a shower that has now fallen all over the country. They are campaign documents received in the usual way by one of our readers, and by him brought to our notice. What is their nature?

One is a brazen attempt to show that the system of public schools depends upon the success of radicalism in federal politics. In other words, we must submit to Belknap in order to secure popular education. The pamphlet coolly repudiates the constitutional amendment offered by Mr. Blaine, and passed by the democratic house with only five dissenting votes. It declares that the democratic party is every where the ally of the "Romanists" and tries in every artful way to link Protestantism and republicanism together. "Jesuitical teachings," "Papal hierarchy" and similar phrases are thickly sprinkled through its pages. It is a vile and atrociously wicked effort to procure votes by appeals to religious prejudices, and the means relied on consists in wholesale but artful suppression of well-known facts.

The other pamphlet is entitled "Valianism in Germany and in the United States." By the term "valianism" is meant the temporal power of Rome. The conflict in Germany is set down as purely a political one; and then with considerable plausibility the pamphlet proceeds to "show" that the "Romish church" is a political machine which is to destroy civil and religious liberty in this country, and that its ally is the democratic party. What "priesthood" would do in Germany, it would do in this country. Hence the radical robes should be disturbed. This is the argument. The party of hate, of sectionalism, of entailed obligations, has now become the party of religious persecution and fanaticism. The depths of depravity have been touched at last.

WHO FREED THE SLAVES?
Ex-Governor E. F. Perry recently published an open letter to Governor Chamberlain, which, although it clearly relates to South Carolina politics is not without general interest. For in the letter he pointedly unmasks the hypocrisy and selfishness of the republican party in the management of the negro question. He shows that their regard for the colored people has ever been of the most heartless and selfish character. Their own advancement has always been foremost.

To begin with, the republicans at that time of the north kidnapped the native African and brought him to this country as a slave. They brought thousands home solely for gain. They kept him as a slave until slave labor became unprofitable in their own section. Did they then give him his freedom? Not exactly. They sold him to southern planters, who possessed his descendants until the war came on.

Was that war a war for the emancipation of the slaves? If it was, then congress and President Lincoln and the republican party generally were guilty of a thousand times of deceit; for they declared a hundred times over that the sole object of the war was to restore the union. Congress so almost unanimously declared. The republican leaders did not show the slightest regard for the slaves in

the first years of the war. They did their best to restore the union with the institution of slavery intact.

When conquest and subjugation of the south became a part of the federal war programme, then and not till then did the republican party show any consideration for the negro. His freedom was then regarded as an element of success in the campaign of subjugation. But as fast as the negroes were freed they were put in the front of the battle to stop bullets—so great was the love of the republicans for them.

When the war was over the negro gained his legal freedom, not through President Lincoln's proclamation—but that would not stand a minute in the court of last resort—but through the acts of state conventions largely controlled by slaveholders, and by the adoption of the fourteenth amendment in the several states. All of these measures, which could alone give the negro legal assurance of his freedom, came to a great extent at the hands of the democrats. The colored voters should consider these facts. The more they consider them the more they will be convinced that the pretended sympathy of the republican party for their race, is false in every particular. Governor Perry tells these sentences at Gov. Chamberlain in conclusion: "You know, sir, that the democratic party now has the control of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri, Texas and Arkansas. And in all these states the colored people are better off, more secure in all their rights, more prosperous and more of freedom than they are in South Carolina under republican or radical rule."

RADICALISM IN KANSAS.
Another Orth has been discovered in an republican candidate for governor in Kansas, George T. Anthony. He formerly resided in New York, and the records of the courts of that state prove that he is a swindler and embezzler. In 1861, he was engaged in the commission business. On false representations of his solvency he secured the conveyance of a large amount of grain, which he sold, and then pocketed the proceeds. He holds those proceeds to this day—at least his victims, a well-known firm in Cleveland, Ohio—have never seen them. When they brought suit he did not deny the validity of the claim, but pleaded the statute of limitations. Another of his victims shipped to him in 1861, one hundred boxes of cheese, for which he never received any returns. As a loan commissioner of the school funds of his New York county, he failed to account for such funds as were placed in his hands, and his sureties were compelled to shoulder the loss. His transactions as an internal revenue collector abroad in crooked things; his property is in his wife's name, and altogether he appears to be a model representative of the Belknap period.

The state central committee had him before them last Tuesday, when a sort of trial took place. A majority of the committee were in favor of asking him to "step down and out," but owing to the difficulty of selecting a successor, and to the dangers of a confession in the face of the enemy, it was finally decided to keep his name on the ticket. The best republicans now declare their intention of supporting Hon. John Martin, the democratic nominee, and to which his body has been forwarded, where the last sad rites will be performed.

The trial of honor in South Carolina is growing larger. The following independent republicans will vote for Hayes and Wheeler, and for the democratic state ticket: M. I. Browning of Orangeburg, A. B. Knowlton of Orangeburg, Judge T. H. Cooke of Greenville, P. J. M. Epping of Beaufort, D. B. McLaurin of Bennettsville, Senator J. M. Smith of Barnwell, Judge T. J. Mackay of Chester, Senator Andrews of Orangeburg, W. E. Rose of Columbia, Major M. R. Delany of Charleston, B. L. Brisbane of Beaufort, and Judge C. P. Townsend.

TAX EPIDEMIC OF 1854 IN SAVANNAH.
commenced on the third day of August and was checked during the first week of November. The number of deaths was 1,040, out of a population of 6,000 who remained in the city. Over half of the entire number died in September. We give the number of deaths by months:

August, whites.....	Black.....
September, whites.....	Black.....
October, whites.....	Black.....

Of the above the following were from yellow fever:

August, whites.....	Black.....
September, whites.....	Black.....
October, whites.....	Black.....

CHAIRMAN H. R. CASEY, of the eighth congressional district, has issued a timely a dress. Let the old eight," he says, "contribute her pro rata share to the sum total of 75,000 majority for A. H. Colquitt in October, and for the St. Louis reform candidates in November. And while our nominee for congress, pronounced by acclamation the choice of the district is without a competitor, still there is no excuse for indifference or that masterly inactivity which brings no good, and oftentimes fatal injury to the party."

IT is claimed that the Steinway, the Decker and the Weber pianos each received the highest award at the Centennial exhibition, and a similar honor is claimed for several sewing machines. The reader pays his money well but such dispatches as these and takes his choice.

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LAW REPRESENTATION IN THE CONFERENCE ON THE METHODIST CHURCH HAS BEEN IN VOGUE FOR SEVERAL YEARS AMONG ALL THE VARIOUS METHODISTS IN AMERICA, BUT THE ENGLISH, ALWAYS MUCH SLOWER TO ADOPT NEW NOTIONS, HAVE BEEN, UNTIL RECENTLY, LOOKED UPON WITH SUSPICION AND DISDAIN.

FACT AND COMMENT.
THE "hard times" cry is happily being met with an echo.

"CORTINA," says a south western paper, "is the name given to the beauty of the young men of that state."

ACROSSHORN to the London Times, the house of commons probably never had fewer young men of great capacity than at present.

NEW BUTLER "is afraid of another rebellion," but the people who own stocks have the greatest reason to fear.

"He hasn't much brains," she said, because his vest chain is too long. A man with a heavy vest chain never is mentally alert.

CHICAGO TIMES. Col. Forney says that if Eliot were his brother, he wouldn't vote for him—and we're inclined to think that such were the fact, neither would any one else.

IT is estimated that the total number of visitors to the centennial exhibition will reach 7,000,000, and that the commissioners will be able to pay stockholders 5 per cent. of their capital.

WE HAVE THE NAMES OF A FEW DISPUTED ASPIRANTS WHO HAVE BEEN ATTENDING THE CENTRAL ASSEMBLY AT ST. PETERSBURG THE SEPARATE, viz.: Constantine Zyras-Jah-Sakharov, Radimovitch, Pierre Polomsky and Yegor Sogorow—and they are all Greeks.

THE NORWICH BULLETIN: "There has been a fair recently in Hopkinson and a very fair galloping hippodrome can now be seen in the city. The horses, however, and people of small means should lay in their supply at once."

THE GREAT STATUE OF LIBERTY, on Bedloe's Island, in New York harbor, will cost

about \$100,000. About half of this amount has been raised in Paris, chiefly by small subscriptions, and the New York sun suggests that a portion, if not all, of the remainder should be sent to the country.

HOW GENERAL NEWTON'S little baby girl died on Sunday is very graphically told elsewhere. Unfortunately a baby who begins life in familiarity with dynasties instead of banks must of course have a remarkable career before her.

ABDUL HAMID is breaking up some old Moslem traditions about the respect due to the prophet in the caliph. When the grand vizier, Mohamed Ali, was a boy, he was told that the prophet was to be revered above all the sultans, and, according to custom, was kneeling to kiss the hem of the sultan's garment, who rebuked him for both pride and ignorance.

THE SERVICE of a company will be held in this column at Ten o'clock in the evening. The services of "Prayer, Praise, &c." will be inserted in this column at Ten o'clock in the evening.

THE "TEN CENT COLUMN" is the lowest price. A newspaper established in the Southern States and now doing well in any part of the country. State roads repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Our new city and town are rapidly increasing.

E. L. THOMASON,
DEALER IN
GRAIN, HAY, BACON, LARD,
FLOUR, &c., MARKET STREET, CHATTANOOGA,
TENNESSEE. NEW FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE
at Market street. Open daily.

WANTED—A first class whole whalebone house, as traveling agent for the Indian War sheep, and Mountain goat. Also, a large number of antelope, deer, bear, moose, &c. Address "Kennebunk Key" Box 21, Anderson, S. C.

THE 2,500 recruits for the army authorized by the present congress were intended for the Indian War sheep, and Mountain goat. Also, a large number of antelope, deer, bear, moose, &c. Address "Kennebunk Key" Box 21, Anderson, S. C.

FOR RENT—A new store and basement on Broad street, opposite Constitution twenty feet wide by forty feet deep. Rent \$100 per month, with moderate improvements.

FOR RENT—A large hall, suitable for a meeting place for a Society or Club, with a room above it, and a back room, with a door leading to it, for a library or reading room. Rent \$100 per month.

FOR RENT—A new house, built on Oct. 1st. The house was formerly the country seat of Mr. Phillips, a rich banker, and has a farm attached to it of 110 acres. The house has a well furnished and spacious library, book cases filled with books, and a large collection of pictures. The house is well situated, and the grounds are well kept.

FOR RENT—A good finished house, 111 Franklin street, below Garrett. Apply next door to Mitchell's.

JOHN D. CUNNINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE, NO. 5, WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA,
GEORGIA. Strict attention given to business
and personal practice. Practice limited to
the trial of criminal cases, and to the defense
of ordinary Falson cases, and in the City
Court of Atlanta.

JOHN L. HOPKINS,
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GEORGIA. Strict attention given to business
and personal practice. Practice limited to
the trial of criminal cases, and to the defense
of ordinary Falson cases, and in the City
Court of Atlanta.

GRANDE FESTIVAL,
BY THE YOUNG LADIES OF THE
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Mo. Day, Tuesday and Wednesday nights.

OCTOBER 2D, 3D AND 4TH

THEODORINE CLOTHES.

NO. 70 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SUFLERS IN BRUNSWICK

GRAND FESTIVAL.

A. GLENISTER, OWNER OF THE
GRAND FESTIVAL.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
OFFICE, NO. 5, WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA,
GEORGIA.

JOHN T. GLENN,
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GEORGIA.

FAREWELL TO SUMMER.

Summer is fading; the broad leaves that grow,
And the flowers which are young are dying;
All the white birds in sudden tones are calling
To the sun, whose beams are tangling.

"Farewell, sweet Summer,
Sweet farewell!"

Upon the wavy hills of many a field,
The honey bees are flying, the clover,
Gathering the latest sweets labors may yield,
And knowing that the harvest-time is over,
Sing, nay, sing, and sing again!

"Farewell, sweet Summer,
Sweet farewell!"

The little bee, the bubbles mid the ferns,
The twined roses, the blossoms flying;
Seems fair to linger in its faded form,
And with a plaintive, purring voice is saying,
"Farewell, sweet Summer,
Sweet farewell!"

The fifth horseman down the winding lane,
With a mournful, dirge-like sound is flying;
Every laughter has no sound of mirth,
But in the hills it sings to gentle singing.
And in its tones a soft, sweet strain spell-

"Farewell, sweet Summer,
Sweet farewell!"

Six birds, bee, brooks and breezes make
With melancholy song the lone complaining;
I too, must join them, as I walk alone,
And know that the season's past, and all
I, too, have loved the season's passing well—
Farewell, sweet Summer,
Sweet farewell!"

Geor a tru!

Sch Jols and Colleges
WESLEYAN
FEMALE COLLEGE,
MACON, GA.

The Thirty-ninth Annual Session will begin
Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1876, with a full Faculty of Professors and Teachers

THIS IS A

HOME INSTITUTION of the highest grade. Its long list of graduates from every part of the South is its best recommendation.

Advantages, educational, social and religious, are peculiarly great.

For particulars address

C. B. D. D., President,

or REV. C. W. SMITH, D. D., Secretary.

July 20—2m

THE MISSES SKINNER

Will open in Atlanta, September 14, a
Boarding and Day School of HIGH ORDER.

Application can be made to the Principals, 10

Revere Street,

Reference—Rev. Mr. Foutie. [Aug.—2m].

Important to Parents and Guardians

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation, MOUNT DE CHANTAL, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

PARENTS in search of a classical school for

the daughters, will do well to investigate the character of this celebrated Academy. For those who are desirous of a thorough education, M. de Chantel ranks pre-eminently high.

Instruction is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking, and in the study of music.

To those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their mother tongue, and the correctness of pronunciation acquired in this institution have been a subject of surprise to many. The knowledge of French, however, in music is so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular, deserves notice, and that is, the influence exerted on the pupils to views and habits of economy and self-government, which are peculiarly useful to women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition (600 per annum), will make this school a most eligible place to receive a girl in the future in the past.

For further particulars apply to the Directoress of Mount de Chantel Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.

[as—2m]

King's Mountain Military School, YOKVILLE, S. C.

ENT. Sept. 20, 1876, ends Jan.

Br. 20. Pupils should be admitted by Aug. 1st, but will be received at any time. This is the oldest Military School of Virginia, and the only one in the State. Full course of instruction. Thorough discipline. Diplomas to graduates. Healthy, hill country. For printed circulars apply to Col. A. COVARD, Principal.

JULY 20—2m

University of Georgia, ATHENS, GA.

The Seventy-sixth annual session

Will open October 4th, with full Faculty in all

Departments. Tuition in the Academic De-

partment, \$100 per year, \$50 per term, or \$100

on Oct. 4th, with \$50 Library Fee, and \$40 on

March 1st, per year. Fifty dollars from the

State College of Agriculture and Mechanic

Arts is part of the University and open to

all students. Scholarships, &c., are offered to

Preferred Locals.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. MCNAUGHT & CO.

De Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for special
men of our "news." ——————
Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap,
bills made containing the waiver of law,
which you may order to CONSTITUTION office,
April 1st.

Asphalt Side Walk.
As cheap as brick. For sample and
ferences call at office, corner Forsyth and
Walton streets. O. A. SMITH.

Waiving the Homestead.
A few years ago "August Flower"
was discovered to be a certain care for Dynopsis and Liver compain, a few thin Dipsyda made
known to their friends how easily and quickly
they had been cured by its use. The great merits
of "August's" Avenue Flower have been communicated
to another, without advertising, and now has become
universal. Drugs in EVERY TOWN in the
United States are selling it. No person suffering
from Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Costiveness,
Inflammation of Heart, Indigestion, low spirits,
etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to
your Druggist and get it for 75 cents and
try it. Sample bottle 10 cents.

HORN, BENKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale Druggists.

Fall Line

Of Gent's Double and Single Sole
Loafer Boots and Gaiters, just received, by
G. H. & A. W. FOOTE.

—
What is a Turkish Bath?

A bath tub requiring four large
combs of different sizes. The water
is the whole body, head, and feet, thus
greatly increasing its efficacy. The room should be well
ventilated by communication with the outside air,

such as the bath given in Dr. Wilson's rooms,
which can take three doses without relief. Go to
your Druggist and get it for 75 cents and
try it. Sample bottle 10 cents.

ATTALIA, GA., September 20,
SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. A. R. Atkinson argued and concluded.
Mr. H. Rivers was in error. Argued by
W. A. Hawkins for plaintiff in error, and C. F.
Cope, solicitor general, contra.

Mr. W. A. Hawkins vs John S. Smith, trustee,
Argued by P. B. Hollis and C. F. Cope for plain-
tiff in error and Guerry and Smith for
defendant in error.

No. 1. Lewis vs J. W. Armstrong. Argued
by W. A. Hawkins for the plaintiff in error, and J. M. Armstrong, D. A. Vason and N. A.
Smith contra.

Pending the argument of No. 10, the court ad-
journed.

Public Schools.
At a meeting of the Board of Education
on Thursday evening, it was determined
not to fill any vacancies occurring among teach-
ers till January.

The following resolutions were passed:
By Mayor Hancock:

In view of the probable decrease in number
of students in schools during the next three
months, it may be necessary to keep the full corps of teachers; therefore

Resolved, That upon consultation, the com-
mittee on teachers may make such disposition
of teachers as may be considered best, and they
may who are present do so, allowing them to
return to their positions in January next.

By Hon. N. J. Hammond:

Received, That the collection of tuition in the
schools for the present be conducted in the fol-
lowing manner:

The trustees shall collect the tuition from his
or her own pupils, keeping a list of the same,
and shall promptly turn over the amount with a list of the names to the principal of his or her
school. (The superintendent is principal of the
girl's High school.) Each principal shall
receive a sum equal to the amount paid him
as stipulated so paid to him, with a list of those pay-
ing, and the superintendent shall promulgate by
order that all the money to the treasurer of the board, to
be paid out as herefore fixed by upon the
board.

Resolved further, That teachers may allow
themselves the 15th of each month for payment of
tuition for that month, before incurring per-
sonal responsibility therefor.

Art Treasures of England Again.

There is another issue of this splendid
catalogue, which is now ready.

It is a reprint of the original, and is
now available for 50 cents.

The publishers are carrying out their programme
faithfully; giving us a work unsurpassed; show-
ing us art treasures; and that cheap.

Remarkable.
A correspondent writing from Mon-
roe, Ga., says:

We were out in the country a few days ago, and
visited Kilgore's mill, and while there ob-
served some rock on a large mass of solid rock,
blown up so perfectly that it was being blasted.

We made inquiry as to the cause of the
explosion, and the answer was that it was
caused by the miller, whose family live near

the mill. He says, "we heard a roar, like a
thunderbolt, out here one day when the sun
shone very warm, and I came out to ascertain
what it was, and found a hole blown through the
rock."

The publishers are carrying out their programme
faithfully; giving us a work unsurpassed; show-
ing us art treasures; and that cheap.

Covington Notes.

Court has been in session the past
two weeks, and many cases have been disposed of.

The criminal docket was reached on Tues-
day, and the first trial was that of a negro, charged
with the offense of murder.

The negro, named John, was tried, and
convicted, and sentenced to death.

The trial was a long one, and the jury
deliberated for several hours.

The negro was condemned.

The negro was condemned.